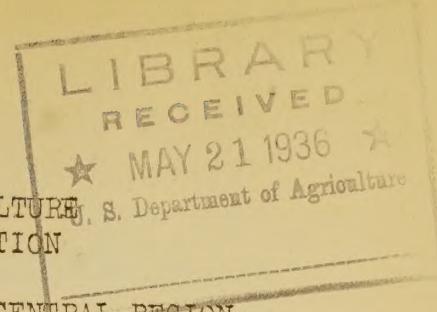


UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
AGRICULTURAL ADJUSTMENT ADMINISTRATION



1936 SOIL CONSERVATION PROGRAM - NORTH CENTRAL REGION

Bulletin No. 2

RATES AND CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT

There is hereby added to the paragraph numbered 1 of "RATES AND CONDITIONS OF PAYMENT" of Bulletin No. 1 (N.C.R.-B.-1) the following:

Soil Building Payments -- Specification of crops and practices; rates.

Practice	Rates and Conditions
Seedings of:	
Alfalfa	\$2.00 per acre, when seeded on crop land between October 1, 1935 and September 30, 1936, inclusive.
Sericea	
Red Clover	\$1.50 per acre, when seeded on crop land between October 1, 1935 and September 30, 1936, inclusive.
Mammoth Clover	
Alsiike Clover	\$1.00 per acre, when seeded on crop land between October 1, 1935 and September 30, 1936, inclusive.
Sweet Clover	
White Clover	
Korean Lespedeza	
Legume mixtures 1/	\$1.50 per acre, when seeded on crop land between October 1, 1935 and September 30, 1936, inclusive.
Soybeans and Cowpeas plowed under as green manure	\$1.50 per acre, when seeded on crop land on or after October 1, 1935 and turned under on or before September 30, 1936.
Application of at least 2 tons of ground lime stone per acre	\$2.50 per acre, when applied on crop land or pasture between January 1, 1936 and September 30, 1936, inclusive.
Plantings of forest trees	\$5.00 per acre, when planted on crop land or pasture land between January 1, 1936 and September 30, 1936, inclusive. Such plantings to be in accord with the State Forestry recommendations.

1/ Legume mixtures which contain 50 percent or more of alsike clover, sweet clover, white clover, or Korean Lespedeza, or any two or more of these legumes will be eligible for payment of not more than \$1.00 per acre. If non-leguminous hay and pasture grasses, such as timothy and red top, are seeded with the legume mixture they must be in addition to the normal quantities of these legume seeds used when such legumes are seeded without the addition of non-leguminous hay and

Soil building payments for the practices set forth above will not be made when the labor, seed, or materials are furnished free by any State or Federal agency.

A good stand of legume will constitute proof of performance unless the Secretary approves other proofs of performance.

H. A. Wallace

H. A. Wallace,
Secretary of Agriculture.

Washington, D. C.,
April 1, 1936

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
AGRICULTURAL ADJUSTMENT ADMINISTRATION

1936 AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM - NORTH CENTRAL REGION

Bulletin No. 2A

Pursuant to the authority vested in the Secretary of Agriculture under Section 8 of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, North Central Region Bulletin No. 2, Revised, is hereby amended as follows:

FOOTNOTE NUMBER 2 is hereby amended to read as follows:

2/ The ground limestone should not be coarser than that obtained by grinding calcareous or dolomitic limestone so that not less than 90 percent, with all finer particles obtained in the grinding process included, will pass a ten-mesh sieve. It must contain calcium and magnesium carbonates equivalent to not less than 80 percent of calcium carbonate. Quantities of other calcareous materials equivalent to one ton of ground limestone are hydrated lime, 1400 pounds; marl, two cubic yards. Other calcareous materials may be substituted for ground limestone if the State Committee establishes for each such substitute a minimum application of ground limestone.

FOOTNOTE NUMBER 3 is hereby amended to read as follows:

3/ The finely ground limestone should not be coarser than that obtained by grinding calcareous or dolomitic limestone so that not less than 90 percent, with all finer particles obtained in the grinding process included, will pass a thirty-mesh sieve. It must contain calcium and magnesium carbonates equivalent to not less than 80 percent of calcium carbonate.

ITEMS (g), (h), (i), (k), and (l) are hereby amended to read as follows:

Practices and Conditions	Payment per Acre
<hr/>	
(g) <u>Phosphates:</u>	
Application between January 1, 1936, and September 30, 1936, inclusive, of the following minimum amounts of phosphate materials per acre on non-crop pasture land, or on crop land used in 1936 for the growing of a crop, classified as soil-conserving, and on which non-crop land or crop land in connection with such application no soil-depleting crop is planted for harvest in 1936 or 1937.	
1. 200 pounds of 16 percent superphosphate or its equivalent. 4/	1.50
2. 300 pounds of 16 percent superphosphate or its equivalent. 4/	2.25
3. 500 pounds of rock phosphate or basic slag.	2.25
(h) <u>Potash:</u>	
In such areas as are designated by the State Committee, application between January 1, 1936, and September 30, 1936, inclusive, of the following minimum amounts of 50 percent muriate of potash per acre on non-crop pasture land, or on crop land used in 1936 for the growing of a crop, classified as soil-conserving, and on which non-crop land or crop land in connection with such application no soil-depleting crop is planted for harvest in 1936 or 1937.	

4/ 16 percent superphosphate shall contain 16 percent by weight of available phosphoric acid. Other phosphates may be substituted for 16 percent superphosphate, provided that the quantity of such substitute applied shall contain not less than the quantity by weight of available phosphoric acid contained in the specified quantity of 16 percent superphosphate.

Practices and Conditions	Payment per Acre
1. 100 pounds of 50 percent muriate of potash or its equivalent. 5/	1.00
(i) <u>Gypsum:</u>	
In such areas as are designated by the State Committee, application between January 1, 1936, and September 30, 1936, inclusive, of the following minimum amounts of gypsum per acre on crop land used in 1936 for the growing of a crop, classified as soil-conserving, and on which crop land in connection with such application no soil-depleting crop is planted for harvest in 1936 or 1937.	
1. 200 pounds of gypsum.	1.50
(k) <u>Rye:</u>	
For Area "A", growing in 1936 of rye not pastured or harvested for grain or hay and used as a nurse crop for seeded or volunteer perennial grasses on such land and under such conditions as are designated by the State Committee, PROVIDED, (1) the land so designated is subject to wind erosion; (2) the operator or owner has stated in writing his intention to let the area for which he is requesting authority to use rye as a nurse crop revert to grass; (3) written approval of the request has been obtained from the County Committee.	.30
(l) <u>Strip Fallow:</u>	
For Area "A", cultivation of fallow, in	
5/ 50 percent muriate of potash shall contain not less than 50 percent by weight of water soluble potash. Other materials containing potash may be substituted for 50 percent muriate of potash, provided that the quantity of such substitute applied shall contain not less than the quantity by weight of water soluble potash contained in 100 pounds of 50 percent muriate of potash.	

Practice and Conditions

Payment per Acre

strips not less than three rods and not more than fifteen rods in width running at right angles to the prevailing wind, sufficiently to prevent weed growth and conserve moisture, provided stubble or stalks are left on the strips for the purpose of catching snow and checking wind erosion.

1. With alternate strips of approximately the same width used for the production of crops which may be harvested.
2. With alternate strips of approximately the same width of stubble or stalks left uncultivated in 1936.

.50 per acre for
the acreage in the
field strip fallowed.

.75 per acre for
the acreage in the
field strip fallowed.

(SEAL)

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, H. A. Wallace
Secretary of Agriculture, has hereunto
set his hand and caused the official
seal of the Department of Agriculture
to be affixed in the City of Washington,
District of Columbia, this 29th day of
May, 1936.

H. A. Wallace
Secretary of Agriculture.